

Chemistry Chapter 10-12 Review Worksheet Answer Key (except multiple choice)

Section 10.1- The Mole: A Measurement of Matter

1. a. 208.2 g/mol b. 352.0 g/mol c. 158.0 g/mol d. 310.2 g/mol
2. 5.85 mol H₂O 3. 3.6 X 10²³ atoms 4. 32.0 g

Section 10.2- Mole-Mass and Mole-Volume Relationships

1. a. 1.8 x 10³ g b. 3.20 x 10⁻² g c. 0.480 g d. 1.43 x 10² g
2. 1.87 X 10² g
3. a. 4.9 X 10⁻⁵ mol b. 9.10 X 10⁻² mol c. 1.98 X 10⁻⁵ mol d. 1.98 X 10⁻⁵ mol
4. 15.1 g
5. 59.6 L CH₄

Section 10.3- Percent Composition and Chemical Formulas

1. Percent C = (5.34 g C / 52.84 g) x 100 = 10.1% C
Percent H = (0.42 g H / 52.48 g) x 100 = 0.79%
Percent Cl = (47.08 g Cl / 52.84 g) x 100 = 89.1% Cl
2. Mass of Cl = 18.35 - 5.74 g = 12.61 g Cl
% Sn = (5.74 g Sn / 18.35 g compound) x 100 = 31.3% Sn
3. Percent C = (48.0 g C / 158.1 g Ca(C₂H₃O₂)) x 100 = 30.4% C
0.304 x 65.3 = 19.8 g C
4. 13.2 g

Section 11.1- Describing Chemical Reactions

1. Fe(s) + S(s) → FeS(s)
2. MgCO₃(s) → MgO(s) + CO₂(g)
3. silver + sulfur → silver sulfide
Silver metal and sulfur react to produce solid silver sulfide. There are 2 silver atoms and 1 sulfur atom on each side of the equation, and the coefficients are in their lowest possible ratio. Thus, the equation is balanced correctly.
4. 2AgNO₃(aq) + Cu(s) → 2Ag(s) + Cu(NO₃)₂(aq)

Section 11.2- Types of chemical Reactions

1. 2Al(s) + 3F₂(g) → 2AlF₃(s)
2. Ca(s) + 2HCl(aq) → H₂(g) + CaCl₂(aq)
3. C₃H₈(g) + 5O₂(g) → 3CO₂(g) + 4H₂O(g)
4. FeCl₃(aq) + 3NaOH(aq) → Fe(OH)₃(s) + 3NaCl(aq)
5. combination reaction: 1 single-replacement reaction: 2
double-replacement reaction: 4 combustion reaction: 3
6. a. no reaction
b. Ca(s) + Mg(NO₃)₂(aq) → Ca(NO₃)₂(aq) + Mg(s)

Section 12.1 - The Arithmetic of Equations

1. 10A + 2C + Ci → A₁₀C₂Ci
25 A₁₀C₂Ci x 10A / A₁₀C₂Ci = 250 apples