Earth Science - Course Syllabus

Mrs. Curry – Room B102 (6th Grade Building)

Drake Middle School

2009 - 2010

Text: STC/MS Catastrophic Events, STC/MS Earth in Space, Earth Science – McDougal Littell

Materials: Plastic folder with brads/notebook paper, Binder w/dividers, pencils,12 pack color pencils, glue sticks

Course Description: The curriculum for 6^{th} grade focuses on Earth and Space Science. We will focus on Earth Science the first semester, and move on to Space Science during the second semester. We will be using two hands-on science modules that cover the objectives outlined in the Alabama Course of Study – Science (Catastrophic Events and Earth in Space). The lessons and labs in the

modules	
	8. What did Kepler observe about the movement of Mars? a. It has a circular orbit b. Its moons have different orbits c. It had an ellipse-shaped orbit d. None of the above
	Mark each of the following statements True or False.
	9. One astronomical unit (AU) is about 150 million kilometers
Aus rather than kilometers.	10. Distances from the Earth to other planets can be given in
ey move slower when they're close to the sun.	11. Planets move faster when they're far from the sun, and t
be used to calculate the planets average	12. The time it takes for a planet to travel around the sun car distance from the sun.
	13. What question was Kepler unable to answer?
vity works.	14. True or False-Newton provided an explanation of how gr
s us that the effect of <u>15</u> on an object of and the <u>16</u> of each other.	15. Newton's universal law of gravitation tel depends on the distance from another ob 16.
er the gravitational attraction between	17. Moving two objects away from each otl them. (increases or decreases)
y, the moon stays in orbit around the Earth.	18. True or False-Because of its velocity and the pull of grav