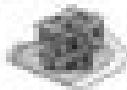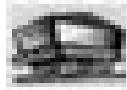# Renewable & Non-Renewable Resources

A **renewable** resource can be produced, grown or replaced on a scale that can sustain its consumption rate. This means that consumers (those who use the resource) do not use it faster than the resource can be replenished.

An example of a **renewable** resource is wood.

A **non-renewable** resource is consumed quicker than it can be produced, grown or replaced.

An example of a **non-renewable** resource is coal.

Categorise each resource below as either a renewable or non-renewable resource.

Renewable	Non-Renewable

trees, wind energy, coal, animals, water, wood, oil, natural gas, wheat, sun energy, air, geothermal energy, biomass energy, petroleum, nuclear energy