

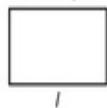
Pre-Algebra Reference Sheet

Circle



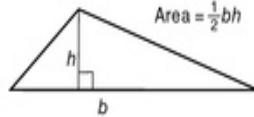
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \pi r^2 \\ \text{Circumference} &= 2\pi r \\ \text{Circumference} &= \pi d \end{aligned}$$

Rectangle



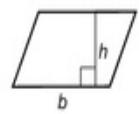
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= lw \\ \text{Perimeter} &= 2l + 2w \end{aligned}$$

Triangle



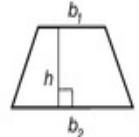
$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

Parallelogram



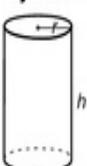
$$\text{Area} = bh$$

Trapezoid



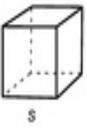
$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$$

Cylinder



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= \pi r^2 h \\ \text{Surface Area} &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh \end{aligned}$$

Cube



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= s^3 \\ \text{Surface Area} &= 6s^2 \end{aligned}$$

Definitions

MEAN: The sum of a set of numbers divided by the number of elements in the set.

MEDIAN: The middle number or average of the two middle numbers in a collection of data when the data are arranged in order.

MODE: The number or numbers that occur most often in a collection of data.

RANGE: The difference between the greatest and the least numbers in a collection of data.

REFLECTION OR FLIP: A mirror image of a figure across a line of symmetry.

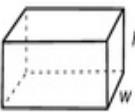
TRANSLATION OR SLIDE: A change in position of a figure. All points in the figure move in the same direction for the same distance.

ROTATION OR TURN: Turning a figure clockwise or counterclockwise about a point.

DISTANCE

TRAVELED: $\text{distance} = \text{rate} \times \text{time}$

Rectangular Prism



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= lwh \\ \text{Surface Area} &= 2lw + 2lh + 2wh \end{aligned}$$

Customary Conversions

8 ounces	= 1 cup
2 cups	= 1 pint
2 pints	= 1 quart
4 quarts	= 1 gallon
8 pints	= 1 gallon
3 teaspoons	= 1 tablespoon
16 tablespoons	= 1 cup
16 ounces	= 1 pint
16 ounces	= 1 pound
5280 feet	= 1 mile

Metric Conversions

kilo-	hecto-	deka-	UNIT	deci-	centi-	milli-
k	h	d	meter (m) liter (l) gram (g)	d	c	m