YEAR 7 Long term planning sheet												
	ICT	English	Mathematics	Science	History	Geography	D&T	Art & Design	Music	MFL	RE/PSE	PE
Autumn												
Spring												
Summer												

### When can ICT fit its modules into subjects in the rolling programme?

#### 1) Finding Things Out

#### Using data and information sources

- Understand that different forms of information text, graphics, sound, numeric data and symbols – can be combined to create meaning and impact
- Identify the purpose of an information source (e.g. to present facts or opinions, to advertise, publicise or entertain) and whether it is likely to be biased
- Identify what information is relevant to a task
- Understand how someone using an information source could be misled by missing or inaccurate information

#### Searching and selecting

- Search a variety of sources for information relevant to a task (e.g. using indexes, search techniques, navigational structures and engines)
- Narrow down a search to achieve more relevant results
- Assess the value of information from various sources to a particular task
- Acknowledge sources of information used

# Organising and Investigating

- In an investigation:
- design and use an appropriate data handling structure to answer questions and draw conclusion
- design a questionnaire or data collection sheet to provide relevant data
- check data efficiently for errors
- investigate relationships between variables
- use software to represent data in simple graphs, charts or tables, justifying the choice of representation
- derive new information from data, e.g. averages, probabilities
- check whether conclusions are plausible
- review and amend the structure and its data to answer further questions

# 2) Developing ideas & making things happen

## Analysing and automating processes

- Use automated processes to increase efficiency (e.g. templates, master pages)
- Represent simple processes as diagrams, showing:
- how a task can be broken down into smaller ones
- the sequence of operations, & any conditions or decisions that affect it
- the initial information needed (e.g. room temperature, prices of items)

#### Models and modelling

- Use software to investigate and amend a simple model by:
- formatting and labelling data appropriately (e.g. formatting cells to display currency)
- entering rules or formulae and checking their appropriateness and accurate working
- explaining the rules governing a model
- predicting the effects of changing variables or rules
- Test whether a simple model operates satisfactorily

## Control and monitoring

- Implement a system to carry out a simple control task, including some that involve sensed physical data, by:
- compiling sets of instructions, identifying those which can be grouped to form procedures or loops
- testing and refining the instructions

### 3) Exchanging and sharing information

# Fitness for purpose

- Recognise common forms and conventions used in communications and how these address audience needs (e.g. columns of text in newspapers, graphics & enlarged print in posters, hyperlinks on websites)
- Apply understanding of common forms and conventions to own ICT work
- Use given criteria to evaluate the effectiveness of own and others' publications and presentations

### Refining and presenting information

- Plan and design the presentation of information in digital media, taking account of the purpose of the presentation and intended audience
- Use ICT to draft and refine a presentation, including:
- capturing still and moving images and sound (e.g. using a scanner, digital camera, microphone),
- reorganising, developing and combining information, including text, images and sound, using the simple editing functions of common applications
- importing and exporting data and information in appropriate formats

### Communicating

- Use e-mail securely and efficiently for short messages and supporting
- Know how to protect personal details and why this is important