

Name: _____

Date: _____

Weather and Climate

1. _____ is a process in the water cycle, where water vapor rises into the atmosphere.
- Precipitation
 - Transpiration
 - Condensation
 - Evaporation
2. Weather is determined by the conditions in the:
- thermosphere
 - mesosphere
 - troposphere
 - stratosphere
3. What force is behind all weather on earth?
- wind
 - gravity
 - earth's rotation
 - energy from the sun
4. Atmospheric conditions for a long period of time is called _____.
- weather
 - climate
 - humidity
5. Which of the following is an example of a climate region?
- tropical
 - arctic
 - desert
 - rainy
6. The state of the earth's atmosphere at a certain time and place is called _____.
- precipitation
 - meteorology
 - climate
 - weather
7. Rain, sleet, hail, and snow are all part of the _____ process in the water cycle.
- transpiration
 - evaporation
 - precipitation
 - condensation
8. High pressure systems have _____ weather and are _____.
- rainy, stable
 - clear, stable
 - rainy, unstable
 - clear, unstable
9. The amount of water vapor held in the air is _____.
- rain
 - humidity
 - air pressure
 - clouds
10. A mountain can affect climate by:
- absorbing more solar energy at the peak than at the base of the mountain
 - causing precipitation to fall mostly on one side of the mountain
 - pushing a cool air mass back off over the ocean
 - interfering with air currents and affecting Earth's rotation
11. Which of these is NOT a factor considered in describing the climate of a region?
- distance from the ocean
 - the number of mountains nearby
 - the population of the region
 - the amount of precipitation
12. Which of the following cloud types are white, billowy, and resemble piles of cotton puffs in the sky?
- cumulus
 - stratus
 - cirrus
 - stratocumulus