

### Areas Susceptible to Germs

Read the text carefully, and answer the questions.

Skin covers our entire body. It is a thin but tough wrapping. Thickness (from 1 to 4 mm) varies in different areas. It is thicker on the palms of our hands and the soles of our feet, but thin on our eyelids and lips.

Skin is also a barrier against germs, knocks, damp, cold and heat. It is alive, and continuously renews itself

Skin consists of two different layers:

- **Epidermis:** Outer layer of skin, made up of dead skin cells.
- **Dermis:** Inner layer of skin, where new cells grow.

Skin also contains two kinds of glands:

- **Sebaceous glands,** which secrete oil (sebum) to keep the skin supple.
- **Sweat glands,** which take perspiration to the surface through the pores.

Tick the correct answers. There are sometimes more than one correct answer.

- . Tabulate all the results by personal hygiene category.
- . Colour the most frequent answers in each category.
- . Now draw a comparison between categories.