Nucleic Acid Worksheet

- 1. What are nucleic acids? Why are they important?
- 2. What are the two types of nucleic acids, and what are their main differences?
- 3. DNA and RNA occur as polymers. What is their monomer called? What are the three components of this monomer and draw the general structure.
- 4. Draw the open chain of ribose and the open chain of deoxyribose. Their cyclic structures are given in the text.
- 5. In one sentence based on visual clues, describe the difference between a pyrimidine and a purine.
- List the 5 different nucleotides that occur in DNA/RNA along with their oneletter abbreviations. Circle the pyrimidines. Put a box around those that only occur in DNA.
- 7. Why do think nucleotides are also sometimes referred to as "bases" or "nucleotide bases"?
- 8. Why are primes used in the numbering system? What do they represent?
- 9. What is the difference between a nucleotide and a nucleoside? Explain by giving an example, using structures.
- 10. What kind of bond links a base to a sugar? Is the sugar an alpha or beta anomer? In what position(s) of the sugar does this occur? In what position(s) of the base does this occur?
- 11. Instead of the term "Formation of a nucleoside", what could the name of the reaction be? What functional group is being formed?
- 12. What is the difference between "Uridine" and "Uridine 5'-monophosphate (UMP)"? Can you see why UMP is named in that fashion?
- 13. How would UMP differ from UDP and UTP?
- 14. The bond that links a base to a sugar is a glycosidic bond. What is the name of the kind of bond that links a sugar to a phosphate group?
- 15. Define the primary structure of DNA/RNA. Compare and contrast to the primary structure of proteins.
- 16. In proteins, a peptide read from the N terminal to the C terminal. Is there a kind of direction in DNA/RNA as well? Briefly explain.
- 17. Draw the structure of 5'-TTG-3'.
- 18. Give the equation for Chargaff's rules. What does it mean?
- 19. Who proposed DNA was a double helix? In what decade?
- 20. What kinds of forces hold the double strands of a DNA double helix together? Do the two strands go in the same direction or in opposite directions?
- 21. Draw out the base pairs in your book and point out the hydrogen bonds that form between them.