GENETICS PROBLEMS (B.Sc MAIN BOTANY, ZOOLOGY & PLANT SCIENCE)

MONOHYBRID CROSS.

How to work out a problem?

- 1. Read the problem carefully two or three times.
- 2. Determine which character is dominant and which one is recessive.
- 3. Use capital letter for dominant character and small letter for recessive character.
- 4. Plot the data carefully on the paper.
- 5. Determine the genotype of the parents. Genotype can be shown as A--B—for dominant character and aabb for recessive character respectively.
- 6. Determine all possible types of gametes by each parent.
- 7. Work out the cross carefully.
- 8. Read the problem again and answer to the exact question asked to do so.

4444

Problem No.1

A red-fruited tomato plant is crossed to a yellow-fruited one produce 173 offspring, 84 of which were yellow and 89 red. Determine the genotype of the parents.

Red fruit colour 'R' is dominant over yellow 'r'.

Answer:

Red fruit - RR or Rr

Yellow fruit -rr

Red is completely dominant over yellow.

In the given data above the offspring segregate in an approximate ratio of 1:1. So it is a case of monohybrid test cross. Test cross is a cross of a hybrid back with its recessive parent. So the genotype of the parents are - Red –Rr; Yellow – rr.

Problem No. 2

In man brown eye colour 'B' is dominant over blue eye colour 'b'. A brown-eyed man marries a brown-eyed woman. Their first child is a blue eyed one. Determine the genotype of the parents. Give the reason of it.

Answer:

Brown eyes- BB, Bb

Blue eyes – bb

In order to produce a blue-eyed child the genotype of the parents should be heterozygous for the character. So the genotype of the man – Bb and the genotype of the woman is- Bb.