Grammar Worksheet

Find and fix the mistakes in each of the following sentences. (Most sentences have a variety of possibilities.)

- · Verbs HAS to agree with their subjects.
- · Never use a preposition to end a sentence with.
- · And don't start a sentence with a conjunction.
- It is wrong to ever split an infinitive.
- Avoid clichés like the plague. (They're old hat.)
 Also, always avoid annoying alliteration.
- Be more or less specific.
- Parenthetical remarks (however relevant) are (usually) unnecessary.
 Also too, never, ever use repetitive redundancies endlessly over and over again
- No sentence fragments.
- Contractions aren't always necessary and shouldn't be used to excess so don't.
- Foreign words and phrases are not always apropos.
- Do not be redundant; do not use more words than necessary; it's highly superfluous and can be excessive.
 All generalizations are bad.
- Comparisons are as bad as clichés.
- Don't use no double negatives.
 Avoid excessive use of ampersands & abbrevs., etc.
- One-word sentences? Eliminate.
 Analogies in writing are like feathers on a snake (Unless they are as good as gold).
- The passive voice is to be ignored.
- Eliminate commas, that are, not necessary. Parenthetical words, however, should be enclosed in commas.
 Never use a big word when substituting a diminutive one would suffice.
- Don't overuse exclamation points!!!

- Use words correctly, irregardless of how others use them.
 Understatement is always the absolute best way to put forth earth-shaking ideas
 Use the apostrophe in it's proper place and omit it when its not needed and use it correctly with words' that show possession.
- Don't use too many quotations. As Ralph Waldo Emerson said, "I hate quotations. Tell me what you know."
- If you've heard it once, you've heard it a billion times: Resist hyperbole; not one writer in a million can use it correctly. Besides, hyperbole is always overdone, anyway.
- Puns are for children, not groan readers.
- Go around the barn at high noon to avoid colloquialisms.
 Even IF a mixed metaphor sings, it should be derailed.

- Exaggeration is a billion times worse than understatement.
 Avoid "buzz-words"; such integrated transitional scenarios complicate simplistic matters.
 People don't spell "a lot" correctly alot of the time.

- Each person should use their possessive pronouns correctly
 All grammar and spelling rules have exceptions (with a few exceptions).
- Proofread carefully to see if you any words out.
 The dash a sometimes useful punctuation mark can often be overused even though it's a helpful tool some of the time.
- Proofread carefully to make sure you don't repeat repeat any words.
 In writing, it's important to remember that dangling sentences.
- In good writing, for good reasons, under normal circumstances, whenever you can, use prepositional phrases in limited numbers and with great caution.

 • Avoid going out on tangents unrelated to your subject -- not the subject of a sentence -- that's another story
- (like the stories written by Ernest Hemingway, who by the way wrote the great fisherman story, The Old Man and the Sea).
- Complete sentences. Like rule 10.
- Unless you're a righteous expert don't try to be too cool with slang with which you're not hip.
 If you must use slang, avoid out-of-date slang. Right on!
- You'll look poorly if you misuse adverbs.