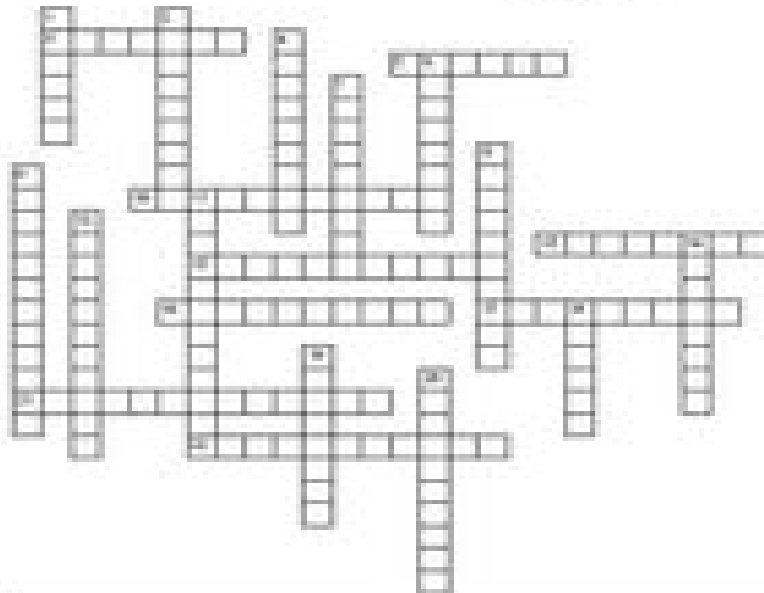


Memory



Across

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Type of imagery that occurs when a person has a perfect visual memory for a period of time</p> <p>5. Direct retrieval of facts or information with no hints or help</p> <p>10. Type of memory for a multiple choice exam</p> <p>13. Finding it easier to ride a motorcycle because you know how to ride a bike shows _____ transfer of training</p> | <p>15. a conscious attempt to put something out of our mind or to keep it from awareness</p> <p>16. Type of memory for skills</p> <p>17. images that seem frozen in time of personal tragedy, accident or other emotionally significant events</p> <p>21. refers to the forming of a long-term memory</p> <p>22. type of rehearsal which assists long-term memory</p> |
|---|---|

Down

3. active system for receiving, encoding, organizing, referring and retrieving information
4. memory _____ refers to the pattern of associations among items of information
4. state _____ learning tells us that a body state exists during learning and can be a strong cue for later retrieval
6. organizing information into a form in which it will be retained in memory
7. type of attention that helps control what information moves onto short-term memory
8. use of elaborative rehearsal helps long-term memories by making information _____
9. short-term memory is susceptible to _____
11. updating memories is called _____ processing
12. type of rehearsal which will produce a short-term memory
14. memory that lies outside of awareness
18. _____ position effect tells us it is much easier to remember the first of a list and the last while forgetting the middle
19. type of memory for recording of autobiographical and personal experience information
20. the _____ curve of forgetting shows how much information is retained on time passed