

## Colons, semicolons, and dashes



Punctuation can be used to connect groups of words. The punctuation marks that do this are: the colon (:), the semicolon (;), and the dash (-).

Read each sentence below, and write another sentence using the same punctuation marks. Remember:

- A colon is used to introduce a list, a quotation or a second clause that makes the first clause easier to understand. (A clause is a group of words with a verb in it.)
- A semicolon is used to link complete clauses that are too closely related to separate with a period. It can also be used to separate items in a list that already has commas in it.
- A dash can be used to separate a comment from the rest of a sentence. It makes a stronger break than a comma and is less formal than brackets.

Bring these things with you: a jumper, your swimsuit, your lunch, and your bus fare.

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It was Shakespeare's Juliet who asked "What's in a name?"

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The match was abandoned; rain poured down.

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We had to stop playing; I went to Matt's house.

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I bought a pound of big, juicy apples; two large, ripe lemons; a grapefruit and a carton of delicious, sweet smelling strawberries.

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The weather is lovely – wish you were here!

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