- 1. Given is the line with equation y = 3x 2.
 - (a) Find five points on the line and arrange them in a table.

Answer

| y = 3x - 2 | |
|------------|----|
| x | y |
| -2 | -8 |
| 0 | -2 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 7 |
| 10 | 28 |

(b) Graph the line.

Answer See the graph on the last page.

(c) Find the *x*-intercept and the *y*-intercept.

Answer To find the *x*-intercept let y = 0 in y = 3x - 2 and solve for *x*.

Thus, the x-intercept is the point $(\frac{2}{3}, 0)$. To find the y-intercept let x = 0 in y = 3x - 2 and solve for y. Thus, the y-intercept is the point (0, -2).

2. Find the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line through the points (2,7)and (5,2) and graph it.

Answer First calculate the slope. $m = \frac{7-2}{2-5} = -\frac{5}{3}$. So far we have

$$y = -\frac{5}{3}x + b$$

To solve for b we substitute the coordinates of a point on the line, for example (2,7). Then at the point (2,7) we have

$$7 = -\frac{5}{3} \cdot 2 + b \iff b = 7 + 2 \cdot \frac{5}{3} \iff b = \frac{31}{3}$$

and so the answer is

$$y = -\frac{5}{3}x + \frac{31}{3}$$

and so the answer is $y=-\frac{5}{3}x+\frac{31}{3}$ We should check our work by verifying that the other point also lies on the line. In other words, substituting the point (5,2) we should obtain an identity.

$$2 = -\frac{5}{3} \cdot 5 + \frac{31}{3} = -\frac{25}{3} + \frac{31}{3} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$$

Q.E.D.