

Part 1 – Identifying Parts of Speech: Identify the subject and the verb in each sentence, underline both, identify which preposition, conjunction, or pronoun.

1. The first and she was confident.
2. She was very rich.
3. They walk that there is such a wide gap between them and the other group.
4. A strong and solid iron rod was used to connect the two parts.
5. However and she was very rich.
6. The strategies used in the experiment successfully improved the results of the study.
7. The office is very quiet.
8. She was the only one to do it.
9. My father always was the most confident man in the company.
10. By April 1988 the total number of people employed in the country had fallen by almost one million.
11. Archaeologists found the remains of the ancient city in the desert in the middle of the last century.
12. She is the only one to do it.
13. Over the last few years the city has grown very fast.
14. When buying to buy with the best.
15. She is the only one to do it.
16. In 1988 the total number of people employed in the country had fallen by almost one million.
17. Archaeologists found the remains of the ancient city in the desert in the middle of the last century.
18. The only one to do it.
19. The city has grown very fast.
20. When buying to buy with the best.
21. She is the only one to do it.
22. The total number of people employed in the country had fallen by almost one million.

Part 2 – Finding Verb Agreement: Underline the subject and circle the correct verb agreement.

1. The president is (is, are) among the most famous athletes in the world.
2. The United States is (is, are) not a country.
3. Over the country, the president is (is, are) represented by a flag and a coat.