
Mechanics

$$v = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

$$v_f = v_i + at$$

$$d = v_f t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$$

$$A_y = A \sin \theta$$

$$A_x = A \cos \theta$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

$$F_f = \mu F_N$$

$$F_c = \frac{Gm_1m_2}{r^2}$$

$$g = \frac{F}{m}$$

$$p = mv$$

$$F_{\text{before}} = F_{\text{after}}$$

$$J = Ft = \Delta p$$

$$F_s = kx$$

$$PE_s = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$$

$$F_g = mg$$

$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$APE = mgh$$

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$$

$$W = Fd = \Delta E_T$$

$$E_T = PE + KE + Q$$

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{Fd}{t} = Fv$$

a = acceleration

a_c = centripetal acceleration

A = any vector quantity

d = displacement/distance

E_T = total energy

F = force

F_c = centripetal force

F_f = force of friction

F_g = weight/force due to gravity

F_N = normal force

F_{net} = net force

F_s = force on a spring

g = acceleration due to gravity or gravitational field strength

G = universal gravitational constant

h = height

J = impulse

k = spring constant

KE = kinetic energy

m = mass

p = momentum

P = power

PE = potential energy

PE_s = potential energy stored in a spring

Q = internal energy

r = radius/distance between centers

t = time interval

v = velocity/speed

\bar{v} = average velocity/average speed

W = work

x = change in spring length from the equilibrium position

Δ = change

θ = angle

μ = coefficient of friction