Chapter 1 - New World Beginnings 30,000 B.C. - A.D. 1700

27,000 Years Ago	Paleolithic Period in Jewish world [1]
15,000 Years Ago	World Population Dispersal Equivalent - Cromagnon Man [2]
12,000 Years Ago	Clovis Arrowheads
12,000 Years Ago	The ancestral Native peoples are believed to have crossed Bering Land Bridge connecting Asia and North America. The Bering Mission has covered by simple group into North America [3]
12,000 Years Ago	Ice begins to retreat and melt, making sea levels, connecting the Bering Strait

Evidence suggests early people may have come to the Americas in small bands, or across Bering Strait.

Eve Spreads Down (40 B.C.)

People of Europe were able to reach out. Siberia, Africa, and **India** where the Portuguese formed of the **sea** land, **a ship that could not take the wind**. This ship **[illegible]** back to the western coast of Africa and North to Europe. The **Portuguese** set up **a** trading post along the African coastline trading **with slaves and gold. Trading** tables that were originally made for Arabs land left to **[illegible]**. The Portuguese dispersed the Islamic lands to Spain and Portugal, where they were left on the major power **[illegible]**

Pillars Were Not Challenge

Everything left of the ship **[illegible]** and finally originated in the Americas. Within the years of the **[illegible]** in **Magnificent**, the Islamic empire **[illegible]** to **[illegible]** and by Western Europe to **[illegible]**. **In** conjunction following Columbus's landing to the Americas, **a** much as 90% of the Indians **[illegible]** due to the diseases.

The Spanish Conquistadores

Before **1500's**, Spain became the dominant maritime and colonizing power. The **Spanish** conquistadores **[illegible]** the Indians as subservient of Christ as well as in search of **gold and glory**. Cortez the governor **[illegible]** Mexico. Pizarro the Chief Pilot, the Europeans conquering was transformed. The island of the **[illegible]** Cortez **[illegible]** the Aztecs. In the Aztecs **[illegible]** the Spanish conquest of the mainland which as **[illegible]** **1500's** in Mexico and the **1500's** in Peru, **[illegible]** and by the native population. **Some of the conquistadores [illegible]** and had children to live as **[illegible]**. Eventually colonized and brought Indians into Latin culture and Europeans and Indians.

The Conquest of Mexico

In **[illegible] 1519**, Hernando Cortez left Havana Cuba with eleven ships and Europeans. Along the way, he picked up **[illegible]** translators - a Spanish prisoner of Mayan speaking Indians, and an Aztec concubine named Malinche. The Spanish arrived at **Tenochtitlan**, the Aztec capital with the consent of Montezuma of the gathered other tribes. They were assaulted by the heavily armed city. On **June 30, 1520**, the native people drove the Spanish out of their first city. The Spanish regained strength and took over the capital and the last native city which was **August 13, 1521**. **Under** rule of the Spanish, the Indian population in Mexico dropped to **[illegible]** million to one thousand in ninety.