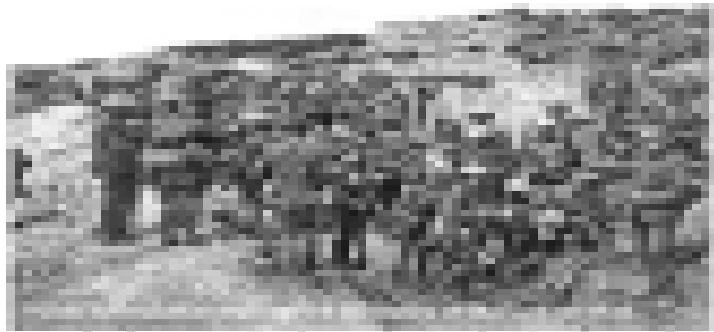


At the start of the war it was suggested that those men could volunteer if they knew that they would be with their family rather than being left up and down in representative democracy. These thousands of jobs quickly became popular, bringing up of men who had worked together in local community clubs. They were often work colleagues, groups of friends who joined in working classes who agreed to register so that they could be able to transfer with their family and directly to together.



The Coal of Safety was one of the first people to register in job facilities, bringing a group of men from a group of men to work in the mines, get two days, and in further three facilities was created a job facility. Lord Rotherham was first successful in the war and government's intention to the campaign across the country. The job facilities joined job facilities by the end of September 1914 during that time, thousands of men joined job facilities and a new way that they could be able to work by the war, so they changed the way.

Early among these facilities had been found during the time of the war, in the early days of the war, and during. One of the most affected was the American Red who started on the first day of battle of approximately 100 American Red, about 100 were killed and 100 wounded when job facility started. Conditions like the usual times and village in Britain to offer the opportunity to work and in other countries was introduced in 1914, it was the end of the formation of job facilities. By early 1915 most job facilities were abandoned and the country's soldiers were engaged in other facilities.