

## Directional Prepositions: Beyond & Toward

Name \_\_\_\_\_



Every sentence has to have a subject (a person or thing) and a verb (what that person or thing does.) But a really good sentence tells more than just a simple subject and verb. Other kinds of words help make the sentence more exciting. A **preposition** can tell us more about **where** the subject is, and **when** the subject is doing something.

Two prepositions that tell **where** are **beyond** and **toward**. Use **beyond** to show that one thing or person is on the far side of than another. For example:

The bus kept on rolling until it was **beyond** the trees.

Use **toward** to show that one person or thing is in the direction of someone or something else. For example:

The bus rolled **toward** the little boy.

**Read the sentences below. Complete each sentence by adding either *beyond* or *toward* in the blank.**

- 1) Write your name \_\_\_\_\_ the right side of your paper.
- 2) He was late to lunch, so he ended up \_\_\_\_\_ the back of the lunch line.
- 3) If I ride my bike \_\_\_\_\_ the end of the street, I will be in trouble.
- 4) If you look \_\_\_\_\_ the lunch tables, you can see the playground in the distance.
- 5) Buying the supplies I needed was the first step \_\_\_\_\_ getting my project done.
- 6) Do you think you will ever travel to other planets \_\_\_\_\_ Mars?
- 7) In the morning, I walk \_\_\_\_\_ school. In the afternoon I continue \_\_\_\_\_ the school to my aunt's house.
- 8) Driving \_\_\_\_\_ the stop sign without stopping is dangerous.