percentage? If not, why not?	
3. If one strand of DNA in the Watson-Crick double helix has a base sequence of:	
'5-GTCATGAC-3',	
what is the base sequence of the complementary strand? How do you know?	
4. How do Chargaff's rules of nucleotide base pairing apply to the structure of DNA described by	Watson and Crick?