Weathering and Erosion



WEATHERING is the breaking down of rocks into small
such as sand and There are 2 types of weathering -
physical and chemical weathering.
Physical Weathering can be of several types:
Exfoliation (or flaking) of rocks due to in extremely
high daytime and in very
high daytime in very cold night time temperatures
• Expansion of ice in cracks of the rock, where water in the
cracks freezes and to break the rock
♦ Abrasion by particles such as carried by wind or wate
Damage from tree
♦ Damage from animals walking or by such as car
and bulldozers
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<u>Chemical Weathering</u> occurs when natural chemicals break down rocks. Examples are:
 Slightly rain that has been combined with carbon dioxide in the slowly deteriorates rocks over time
Acids from decaying plants such as also breaks
down rocks
EROSION is the process of
the small rock particles such as sand and pebbles. The main
agents of erosion are:
♦ Water (in, ocean waves and glaciers)
♦ Wind
• G (when rocks fall from a cliff face or in a
mudslide)
◆ Animals and machinery