

CCSS 2.L.1.f Produce, expand, and Rearrange complete simple and compound...

Complete Sentences

A complete sentence tells a complete thought. It begins with a capital letter and ends with an end mark. A sentence has a naming part and a telling part.

Read each group of words. If it is a complete sentence, write YES on the line. If it is not a complete sentence, write NO on the line.

1. Laura brought her lunch today.	
2. ate her lunch in the cafeteria.	
3. Garrett and Grant	
4. Kimi forgot to close the door.	
5. down the street.	
6. the cloudy skier	