

Name _____

CCSS 2.L.1.f Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound...

Complete Sentences

A complete sentence tells a complete thought. It begins with a capital letter and ends with an end mark. A sentence has a naming part and a telling part.

→ Directions: Read each group of words. If it is a complete sentence, write YES on the line. If it is not a complete sentence, write NO on the line.

1. The farmer fed the pigs. _____
2. The black cat _____
3. on the playground. _____
4. Isaac played a song on the mandolin. _____
5. sat next to the tree. _____
6. A chameleon sat on a branch. _____
7. The green chameleon _____
8. ate a fly. _____
9. Lorelei ate waffles for breakfast. _____