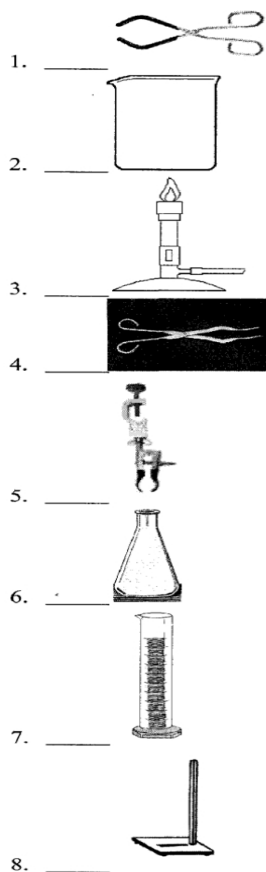


Lab Equipment Scavenger Hunt

Match the picture of each piece of lab equipment to its **name and purpose**:



Name and Purpose

- A) **test tube brush**: a thin brush that fits inside a test tube to scrub it clean.
- B) **scoopula**: a pointy little shovel used to scoop out dry chemicals.
- C) **beaker tongs**: tongs coated with "no-slip rubber to lift and carry a hot beaker.
- D) **rubber stoppers**: used to block the tops of flasks and test tubes. Some have holes for placing tubes.
- E) **spark lighter**: these create a spark to ignite the gas in a Bunsen burner.
- F) **test tube**: thin glass tube in which many chemical reactions are tested.
- G) **Erlenmeyer flask**: a triangular shaped beaker, excellent for stirring liquids.
- H) **graduated cylinder**: a tall tube with markings in ml used to measure fluids.
- I) **Test tube clamp**: a small clamp used to hold a single test tube tightly.
- J) **Utility clamp**: a clamp that attaches to the retort stand and has a plastic coated clasp at the other end to hold other equipment.
- K) **Ring clamp**: a ring with a clamp that can be attached to a retort stand. It can support a beaker during an experiment.
- L) **Test tube rack**: a wooden rack that is designed to hold several test tubes during an experiment.
- M) **Beaker**: a glass cup with marking that is used for most chemistry experiments. They come in many sizes.
- N) **Bunsen burner**: this apparatus attaches to a gas nozzle and produces a flame for heating
- O) **Crucible tongs**: these tongs hold a small crucible and have forceps that pinch together at one end.
- P) **Retort stand**: a metal rod that stands on a flat base. Clamps are attached to the rod to hold many types of lab equipment.

