

## Biology 1406 Review Sheet for Exam 3

Mr. Dees

**Note:** the following is a brief synopsis of the topics covered by the first lecture exam. Be sure that this sheet is not all that you study, for this list may be incomplete and is not very detailed. Anything covered in lecture is fair-game for the exam. Use this to be sure you do not have any "gaps" in your notes. A helpful section is provided at the end of each chapter in the form of a chapter summary, key terms, and review questions..

### Chapter 9

catabolic pathways  
phosphorylation of ADP  
understand how cellular respiration and photosynthesis are linked  
two basic catabolic paths - compare-contrast  
aerobic respiration /cellular respiration  
fermentation  
organic fuels  
redox reactions  
understand the oxidation-reduction reaction process  
aerobic cellular respiration reaction - balanced form  
understand which substances are oxidized and which are reduced  
three stages of cellular respiration - understand basic reactions and locations and products of each portion - be able to trace various numbers of glucose molecules through the process and answer simple math questions like we did in class  
glycolysis - two phases: net production, gross production of ATP and NADH  
energy carrier molecules - NADH and FADH<sub>2</sub>  
pyruvate - how many carbons??  
Krebs / Citric acid cycle - location?  
Hans Krebs  
conversion to Acetyl Co A - CO<sub>2</sub> produced

number of ATP, NADH, FADH<sub>2</sub> & CO<sub>2</sub> produced in Krebs cycle  
oxidative phosphorylation  
electron transport  
Chemiosmosis  
cristae membrane  
matrix  
final electron acceptor???  
how is a water molecule made?  
ATP synthase - proton pistol  
net production of ATP during oxidative phosphorylation  
net yield of ATP per glucose  
completing aerobic cellular respiration  
why does this process require oxygen?  
compare ATP production with fermentation paths  
lactic acid  
alcohol fermentation

### Chapter 10

know balanced reaction for photosynthesis  
autotrophs  
producers  
heterotrophs  
consumers  
photoautotroph examples  
leaf as example of form=function  
epidermis  
guard cells  
stoma  
mesophyll  
chloroplast