

**Farmers and Shopkeepers  
Defeat an Empire**

**RETEACHING ACTIVITY**  
Chapter 5, Section 4

Directions: Study the chart on the progress of the Revolutionary War and refer to it as you label people and events listed below. Write A in the blank if the phrase represents an American person, place, or victory; write B if the phrase represents a British person, place, or victory. Then you will better understand American positions in the Revolutionary War and why the Americans won.

| DATE          | LOCATION                       | AMERICAN FORCES   | BRITISH FORCES   | OUTCOME  |
|---------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Summer 1776   | New York                       | George Washington and 23,000 inexperienced troops   | General William Howe and Admiral Richard Howe, 42,000 soldiers and seamen                      | Americans retreat with heavy losses              |
| December 1776 | Trenton, New Jersey            | Washington and 2,400 troops make a surprise attack  | about 1,000 Hessians (German mercenaries)  | Americans kill 46 soldiers and take 900 captives |
| Spring 1777   | Philadelphia, Pennsylvania     | Washington and troops   | General Howe and troops  | British win and capture Philadelphia             |
| Fall 1777     | Saratoga, New York             | General Horatio Gates and both militiamen (soldiers recruited for emergencies) and Continentals | General John Burgoyne, 4,000 redcoats (British soldiers), 3,000 Hessians, 1,000 Mohawk Indians | Burgoyne surrenders                              |
| 1778          | Kaskaskia, Illinois            | George Rogers Clark and Virginia volunteers   | British fort of Kaskaskia  | Americans capture fort                           |
| Spring 1779   | Charles Town, South Carolina   | 5,500 men   | Sir Henry Clinton, General Charles Cornwallis, 8,500 men                                       | British capture city and all 5,500 men           |
| October 1780  | Kings Mountain, South Carolina | Francis Marion, Andrew Pickens, Thomas Sumter, and guerrilla (hit-and-run) groups               | 1,400 Loyalists with backup from Cornwallis  | Cornwallis retreats                              |
| 1780-1781     | Carolinas                      | General Nathanael Greene and 1,000 Continentals   | Cornwallis and troops  | Cornwallis loses 30 percent of troops            |
| October 1781  | Yorktown, Virginia             | 8,000 French troops, 9,000 American troops  | Cornwallis and 8,000 men   | Cornwallis surrenders and the war ends           |

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| _____ 1. General Cornwallis     | _____ 7. Battle of Saratoga   |
| _____ 2. Battle of Philadelphia | _____ 8. General Washington   |
| _____ 3. Nathanael Greene       | _____ 9. Admiral Howe         |
| _____ 4. Hessians (mercenaries) | _____ 10. General Gates       |
| _____ 5. General Burgoyne       | _____ 11. George Rogers Clark |
| _____ 6. Surrender at Yorktown  |                               |