TRANSCRIPTION

- **go to biology .com
- **click on biology place
- **close on biocoach
- **click on DNA replication
- **click on concept 5
- **click the review button
 - 1. Explain what a replication fork is and how it is formed and use a diagram in your answer.
- Explain what is meant by anti-parallel
 Which direction does DNA polymerase work? Is this a problem? Explain
- **click step one
 - 4. Which of the replication forks gets synthesized first?

 - 5. What is the function of primase in this process?6. What does DNA polymerase do once this primase leaves?7. What is this new DNA strand called? Why?
- **click step two
 - 8. Explain what happens next to the top strand of the replication fork.9. What happens when the primase leaves this strand?10. What is this new DNA strand called? Why?

 - 11. What is another name for this strand?
- **click step three
- **click step four
 - 12. Why is the top strand termed discontinuously replicating?
 - 13. What is the function of DNA ligase?
 - 14. What does semidiscontinuous mean?
- **click step five
 - 15. What happens next in the top strand of the replication fork?
- **close this window
- **click the practice button and make sure you can synthesize an entire strand of DNA
- **click on concept 6
- **click on the review button
 - 16. Give the functions of the following enzymes and proteins:
 - a. lagging strandb. leading strand

 - c. DNA ligase