

4th Grade Social Studies Study Guide
2nd Nine Weeks

SS4H4a The American Revolution:

Be able to trace the events that shaped the revolutionary movement in America, including the French and Indian War, British Imperial Policy that led to the 1765 Stamp Act, the slogan "no taxation without representation," the activities of the Sons of Liberty, and the Boston Tea Party.

French and Indian War (1754-1763)—conflict between the British and the French for control of large regions of North America in which the British won

Stamp Act—taxation measure passed by the British Parliament in 1765, setting taxes on colonial newspapers, contracts, and other legal documents

tax—money that people and businesses pay to help pay the cost of government

Sons of Liberty-- Secret organization of American colonists formed initially to protest the Stamp Act. The idea found success in many colonies, after the initial organizations in Boston and New York. After the Stamp Act was repealed a year after it was passed, the Sons of Liberty disbanded. But the patriotic spirit and the name remained. Groups of men, such as the ones who dumped the tea into Boston Harbor, were called sons of liberty

Townshend Revenue Act—law passed by the British Parliament in 1767, taxing glass, paint, oil, lead, paper, and tea in colonies

Tea Act—British law passed in 1773 to aid the East India Tea Company

Boston Tea Party—1773 protest in which patriots threw thousands of pounds of British tea into Boston Harbor

Intolerable Acts—a series of laws passed by the British Parliament in 1774 in response to the Boston Tea Party