

Built Landscape: represented by those features and patterns reflecting human occupation and the use of natural resources

Region-Organization: the condition that successive societies have built together as a place

Cultural Landscape: the visible human impact activity on the landscape

Absolute Direction: the direction of place in reference to maps including Earth's entire surface

Relative Direction: left, right, forward, backward, backward, up and down

Cultural Difference: the spread of a cultural trait from one culture to another

Dispersed: scattered or water in different directions scattered

Clustered: in geographic conditions clustered dispersed

Clustered: a group of the same or similar elements gathered close together

Agglomerated: existing together or combined in mass

Absolute Distance: the physical distance between 2 points

Relative Distance: distance relative to a specified reference point

Absolute Location: a place's exact position on the globe

Relative Location: a location of a place in reference to another place

Place Name: the name by which a geographical place is known

Cluster: used to describe areas that are close together versus far apart

Concentrated: shows a concentration through under the control of a central authority

Boundary: defining any definite place or center of power

Natural Landscape: landscapes are affected by natural features

Scale: the physical magnitude of something

Spatial Distribution: the location of features or phenomena observed in geographic space

Accessibility: to be easily identified or reached from another point