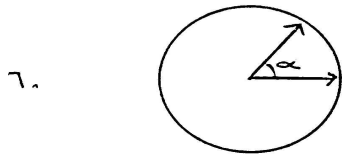
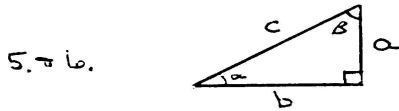
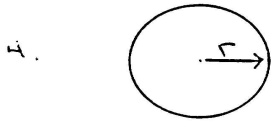
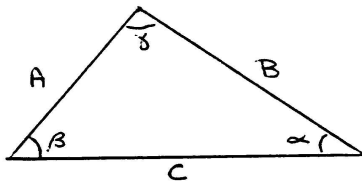


Physics 171 - Handout #1  
Mathematics Review

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$



9. and 10.



1. Express  $x$  in terms of  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$
2.  $\ln(e^n) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\ln(x \cdot y) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\ln(x/y) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\ln(a^x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $e =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (3 digits)
3.  $\log(10^n) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\log 1000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\log .01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
4. Area of circle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Circumference of circle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 $360^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_ radians  
 $\pi =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (3 digits)
5. Express  $c$  in terms of  $a$  and  $b$   
 Express  $\alpha$  in terms of  $\beta$   
 Area of triangle = \_\_\_\_\_
6. Express in terms of  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$   
 $\sin \alpha =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos \alpha =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\sin \beta =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos \beta =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\tan \alpha =$  \_\_\_\_\_
7. Express in terms of trigonometric functions of  $\alpha$   
 $\sin(-\alpha) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos(-\alpha) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\sin(90-\alpha) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos(90-\alpha) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\sin(180-\alpha) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\sin(180+\alpha) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
8.  $\sin 0^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos 0^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\sin 90^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos 90^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\sin 180^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos 180^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\sin 270^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\cos 270^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\tan 0^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\tan 45^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_
9. Express  $C$  in terms of  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $\gamma$   
 $B$  in terms of  $A$ ,  $C$  and  $\beta$   
 $A$  in terms of  $B$ ,  $C$  and  $\alpha$