

Name _____

Meeting Jesus in the Sacraments
Chapter 4 Directed Reading Worksheet
The Sacrament of Confirmation

Date _____

Directions: Read through the chapter and fill in the missing information. All the questions run sequential to the chapter. If a true/false statement is false, correct it.

Pages 95 – 96 *The Gift of Speech*

1. What is the essential rite of the Sacrament of Confirmation?
2. Confirmation has been called the “sacrament of the _____.” The Spirit is the source of holiness and love in the _____, and the bond of _____ among Christians. The Spirit brings candidates for Confirmation into _____ with Christ and enables them to _____ Christ’s presence to all.

Pages 97 – 102 *Understanding the Sacrament of Confirmation*

3. True or False? At Baptism we are more perfectly bound to the Church and are endowed with the special strength of the holy Spirit.
4. Since _____ times the Spirit of the _____ has been associated with the hoped-for Messiah, _____ foretold that the Spirit would rest on the _____. The Spirit that Jesus received at his _____ was to be communicated to all who _____ and accepted his message.
5. Briefly describe four occasions when Jesus promised the outpouring of the Holy Spirit.
6. The Holy Spirit came upon the Apostles at _____ and this Advocate was with them always. The Holy Spirit helped the Apostles bear true _____ to Jesus, even in times of _____.
7. True or False? The Advocate that Jesus promised was the Holy Spirit, the “Paraclete” or “helper” who will live in us and guide us to truth.
8. The Apostles imparted the gift of the Spirit by the _____ which completed the grace of _____ and is recognized by the Catholic tradition as the origin of the sacrament of _____. This ancient ritual gesture symbolizes the giving of the Father’s own _____ to the recipient.
9. True or False? Although there are numerous examples of the laying on of hands in the Scriptures, Jesus never used this ritual gesture.
10. When the _____ laid their hands on the newly _____, they were giving a divine _____ and imparting the gift of the Holy Spirit. Today, we receive the _____’s confirmation that the Holy Spirit resides in us and _____ within us.
11. What are the various ways that oil was used among the ancient Israelites?
12. Oil had the purpose of _____ in religious uses including the anointing of _____ and kings. To be chosen by God for a particular _____ was to be God’s “anointed one” and the Messiah or “_____” means “_____.”
13. Chrism takes its name from _____ and is a mixture of olive oil and _____ which symbolizes the sweet _____ of Christianity found in virtuous living and _____ Christ. All those anointed followers of Jesus share in his _____.