## **Rotational Variables**

- 1) Write out the expression for the average angular ( $\omega_{avg}$ ), in terms of the angular displacement ( $\theta$ ) and elapsed time ( $\Delta t$ ).
- 2) Write out the expression for the average angular acceleration ( $\alpha_{avg}$ ), in terms of the angular velocity ( $\omega$ ) and elapsed time ( $\Delta t$ ).
- 3) Write an expression for the average angular velocity ( $\omega_{avg}$ ) in terms of initial and final angular velocities ( $\omega_o$  and  $\omega$ , respectively), where the angular acceleration is constant.
- 4) Combine your answers to the above exercises and derive the rotational kinematic equations in terms of the angular variables  $(\theta, \omega, \alpha)$ . Assume the angular acceleration is constant.

## **Rotational Motion**

- 5) An ant is standing on a moving CD, 2 cm from the center. The CD is moving at 80 rpm.
- a. When the CD makes a 45.0° revolution, what is the length of the ant's path?
- b. What is the ant's actual linear displacement ( $\Delta \vec{r}$ )?
- c. What is the rotational speed of the CD expressed in radians per sec?
- d. The ant moves to a new position 4.0 cm from the center.
  - i. What is the angular velocity of the ant compared to its speed at r= 2.0 cm?
  - ii. What is the tangential speed of the ant compared to its speed at r = 2.0 cm?
- e. The ant then moves to the center of the CD. What is the angular velocity and tangential speed of the ant as the CD rotates?