

Tornado Vocabulary

Part two

- 1) **Tornado alley** - a part of the middle of the USA that has many tornadoes
- 2) **Debris** - the pieces that are left after something has been destroyed
- 3) **Barometer** - something that is used especially for predicting the weather
- 4) **Funnel** - something shaped like a hollow cone with a tube extending from the point
- 5) **Shield** - pieces of ice that fall from clouds/skies
- 6) **Shelter** - something that covers or protects people or things
- 7) **Drum** - a piece of equipment that makes a loud high pitched warning sound; sometimes drum
- 8) **Vortex** - a mass of spinning air, liquid, etc., that pulls things into its center
- 9) **Super cell** - thunderstorm with strong updrafts that can form severe weather
- 10) **Barometer** - something that measures air pressure
- 11) **Flight mode** - This is how we measure how big and strong tornado is
- 12) **Meteorology** - the study of weather
- 13) **Radar** - a machine that sends out radio waves for finding the position and speed of a moving object (like an airplane or a tornado)
- 14) **Anemometer** - a machine that measures wind speed

Activities - Task 1

Use the tornado vocabulary words above to complete the following sentences.

1. If we were storm chasers and we wanted to find out where a tornado was, we would use a _____ to find it.
2. A tornado comes from a _____ thunderstorm cloud.
3. It is as important to find _____ if you see a tornado.
4. Except for debris, you would find _____ of a tornado.
5. A tornado warning _____ will give you _____.
6. One of the signs of a tornado is that it could start to _____.
7. An _____ is used for measuring the speed of wind.
8. The shape of a tornado is a _____ shape.
9. A _____ is used for measuring how big a storm or tornado is.
10. _____ is a very dangerous part of the mid USA because there are so many tornadoes that happen there.
11. The study of weather is called _____.
12. If you are outside while a tornado is happening, you could get hit by a lot of _____.
13. If you were a meteorologist, and you wanted to know what the weather would be like for the next few days, you would use a _____ to find out about the weather.
14. Air pressure is calculated by using a _____.