

## Geometry and Measurement



### Grouping

Small groups

### You'll Need

For each group:

- Centimeter tape measure
- Paper
- Pencils

### Teaching Tip

If it's too difficult for students to do this activity at a Scavenger Hunt, have them gather a variety of circular objects and do the activity as a class.

### Writing Connection

Ask students to explain how they could use the formula  $C = \pi d$  to find either the circumference or diameter of a circle if they know the other.

# Scavenging Circles

This scavenger hunt will have students running around in circles—and learning about pi!

### PREPARATION

Prepare a list of circular items that students are to find on their scavenger hunt. Try to choose objects of different sizes, such as cans, containers, pie tins, rolls of tape, lids, bowls, bicycle tires, plates, and running pool lids.

### INSTRUCTIONS

1. Divide the class into groups of four or five. Give each group the list of circular items and ask them to gather as many of the items as they can find. You can devote class time to the hunt, or have students divide the list among the group members and search for the items at home.
2. After students have gathered their items, have students measure the circumference and diameter of each item and record the results. Suggest that students make a chart such as this:

| Dia. | Circumference | Radius | Ratio (circumference ÷ diameter) |
|------|---------------|--------|----------------------------------|
|      |               |        |                                  |

3. Ask students to study the measurements to see if they can find a relationship between the circumference and diameter of each circular object. If they express the ratio of circumference to diameter for each circle, what similarities do they see? Suggest that students try dividing each object's circumference by its diameter. They should see that the circumference is always about three times the diameter.
4. You may need to explain that a formula expresses the relationship between the circumference and diameter of any circle, where the circumference ( $C$ ) is equal to about 3.14 times the diameter ( $d$ ). The value of 3.14 is called  $\pi$  (pi) and the formula is expressed  $C = \pi d$ .

### ASSESSMENT

Observe students' accuracy in measuring the circumference and diameter of each circular object. They will be most successful finding a relationship if they measure accurately.