1) How many moles of Na^+ ions are there in 22.0 mL of 0.150 M Na_2CO_3 solution?

M=moles/Liter mol=ML = $(.150M)(.0220 L) = .0033 mol Na_2CO_3$

.0033 mol Na_2CO_3 x (2 mol Na/ mol Na_2CO_3) = .0066 mol Na^+ ions

2) What is the molar concentration of potassium permanganate in a solution prepared by dissolving 47.4 g of KMnO $_4$ in water and then making up the solution to 2.50 L?

 $47.4 \text{ g KMnO}_4 \text{ x (mol/ } 157.58\text{g}) = .301 \text{ mol KMnO}_4$

.301 mol/2.50 L= .120 M

3) How many grams of $KMnO_4$ would be required to prepare 200mL of a 0.178M solution?

 $mol=ML \xrightarrow{\hspace*{-0.5cm}\rightarrow\hspace*{-0.5cm}} mol=.2 \text{ x .} 178 = (.0356 \text{ mol KMnO}_4 \text{ x } 157.58 \text{g/mol}) = 5.61 \text{ g KMnO}_4$

4) How many mL of a 0.130 M solution of CaCl₂ contains 2.00g of CaCl₂?

 $2.00g \ CaCl_2 \ x \ (mol/110.97g) = .018 \ mol \ CaCl_2$

L = mol/M = .018/.130 = .138L = 138 mL

5) How many grams of sodium chloride should be put into a 50.0 mL volumetric flask to give 0.15 M solution when the flask is filled to the score mark with water?

M=mol/L ---→ mol= ML= (.05) (.15) =.0075 mol NaCl