

Comma Rules #5 and #6

Name: _____

Rule #5 – Direct Address

Use a comma, or commas, to set apart a sentence from the one being addressed.

Examples: John, there are tacos in the refrigerator for you.
There are tacos, John, in the refrigerator for you.
There are tacos in the refrigerator for you, John.

Rule #6 – Introductory Word / Phrase

Use a comma to set apart an introductory word or phrase from the rest of the sentence.

Examples: Yes, you may go to the dance after school.
Of course, go directly to your grandma's house when it's over.

Directions: Place commas where they are needed. Next, write the name of the rule below each sentence.

1. Yes, I'm mad at you for chewing up my shoe, Rover.

Introductory Word

Direct Address

2. Sorry I won't be able to meet you after school today Kim.

3. Of course we are going to take pictures before she leaves.

4. I haven't seen you Suzie in such a long time.

5. Hello you don't know me, but I'm your long, lost cousin.

6. Mrs. Carter I need to go to the bathroom.

7. Will you give the tape to Karen Jacqueline?

8. First of all the answers to the test come straight from your homework.

9. Secondly those of you who didn't do their homework need to do it tonight.

10. Of course if you all study really hard class you will all do well on the test.

11. Well if you would have gone at recess you wouldn't have this problem Jason.

12. After all the best music Cindy comes from the best music system.

13. No I want the dress with the beautiful flowers all over it.

14. Ms. Kinon will you help me with my homework?

15. Thank you Mrs. Bletterman for bringing treats to school today.