

UNITED STATES HISTORY WORKSHEET ARTICLE I THE U.S. CONSTITUTION

- A) POWERS DENIED BOTH TO THE STATES AND CONGRESS
- B) POWERS DENIED TO THE STATES
- C) POWERS DENIED TO CONGRESS
- D) POWERS DENIED TO THE STATES WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF CONGRESS
- E) POWERS GRANTED TO CONGRESS

USE THE TERMS ABOVE TO SHOW WHAT IS APPROPRIATE UNDER THE CONSTITUTION FOR EACH OF THE POWERS LISTED BELOW. PLACE THE CORRECT LETTER AFTER THE NUMBER OF EACH LISTED POWER.

1. May regulate foreign and interstate commerce.
2. Shall not lay any export duties, except which are necessary for executing its inspection laws.
3. May coin money.
4. May not keep troops or ships of war in time of peace.
5. Fix the standards for weights and measures.
6. May borrow money on the credit of the United States.
7. May not suspend the Writ of Habeas Corpus unless in case of invasion or rebellion.
8. May make all laws "necessary and proper" for carrying into execution all powers granted to Congress.
9. May provide punishment for counterfeiting.
10. Shall not enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation.
11. Shall not coin money.
12. Shall not pass a Bill of Attainder.
13. May declare war.
14. Shall not make anything but gold and silver coins a tender in payment of debts.
15. Money may be drawn from the treasury only when appropriations are made by law.
16. May raise and support armies.
17. May establish post offices and post roads.
18. Shall not lay a tax or duty on articles exported from any state.
19. May grant patents and copyrights.
20. Power to make a uniform naturalization law.
21. May not grant a title of nobility.
22. May not impair the obligation of a contract.

23-25. List three qualifications needed to run for the United States Senate.

26-28. List three qualifications needed to run for the United States House of Representatives.

29. All money bills must arise in the _____.

30. How many members are there in the House of Representatives?

31. Who presides over the Senate in the absence of the Vice-President?

32. The leader of the House of Representatives is called the _____ of the _____.