

# PERCENT OF CHANGE

$$\text{p.o.c.}^* = \frac{\text{amount of change}}{\text{original amount}}$$

\*Express the p.o.c. as a percent. Example: 0.54 = 54%

## Percent of Increase

### Example 1:

When Jim was exercising, his heart rate went from 20 beats to 58 beats per minute. What was the percent increase?

### Example 2:

A population of squirrels rose from 118 to 120 over a period of 3 years. What is the percent increase, to the nearest tenth of percent?

## Percent of Decrease

### Example 1:

In 1999, a certain stock was worth \$1.25 a share. In 2002, the same stock was worth \$0.85 a share. What was the percent decrease?

### Example 2:

The boiling point of water is lower at higher altitudes. Water boils at 212°F at sea level and 194.7°F at 10,000 ft. What is the percent decrease in the temperatures, to the nearest tenth of a percent.

## Discount

### Example 1:

Sarah bought a DVD player originally priced at \$150 that was discounted by 20%. What was the price after the discount?

Step 1: Amount of Discount = Price  $\times$  % of Discount

Step 2: Discounted Price = Original Price - Amt. of Discount

## Mark-up

### Example 1:

Mr. Olson has a computer business in which he marks everything up 40% above the wholesale price. If he purchased a printer for \$85 wholesale, what will be the retail price?

Step 1: Amount of Mark-up = Price  $\times$  % of Mark-up

Step 2: Mark-up Price = Original Price + Amt. of Mark-up