

The Structure of the Constitution

1. Besides being the framework of the United States government, what else is the Constitution?
 - A. It is the highest authority in the nation.
 - B. The powers of all three branches come from the Constitution.
 - C. It represents liberty and freedom.
2. What are three parts to the Constitution?

(The Preamble, seven Articles, and 27 Amendments)
3. What does the Preamble do?

It states the goals and purposes of government.
4. What do the Articles do?

It describes the structure of government.
5. What are the Amendments?

Additions or changes that should be made to government.
6. What are the six purposes of government?
 1. To form a more perfect union
 2. Establish justice
 3. Ensure domestic tranquility
 4. Provide for a common defense
 5. Promote general welfare
 6. Secure Liberty and Property
7. What do the first three articles explain?

Article I - (Legislative Branch)
 - 535 MEMBERS - 435 representatives from each state (27 House of Representatives - Representation based on population (435). - Larger populated states get more representation.
 - It can pass laws, approve treaties, amend the Constitution with a 2/3 vote, tax, regulate trade, and conduct presidential appointments.