

Non-sentences

1. Nominative (of a verb)
 - Present participle: The boy was laughing.
2. Predicate nominative or subject complement
 - Clauses that are named, clauses that are related.
 - Clauses that do not have verbs. These clauses always go to the nominative.
 - They are appositive phrases. The clause is called Appositive.

Verbs

1. Direct address
 - You, he, she, it, others. Comes to the nominative. Ex: You.

Adjectives

1. CC (complement)
 - Shows qualities and actions. They give modified words.
2. Objective
 - Shows what the verb is doing. The object of the verb is going.
3. CC (the whole position)
 - Shows what the position after the verb is needed.
4. CC (description and/or manner)
 - Not before the verb position. It can be a modified position.

Adverbs

1. CC (the whole clause)
 - Describes the whole clause. It is going before or after the sentence.
2. CC (adjective)
 - Shows how the verb is done. Ex: He ran quickly.
3. CC (adverb)
 - Shows how the verb is done. These things are useful for the verb.
4. Double adverb
 - Ex: He ran quickly. The adverb is used twice.
5. Whole adverbial
 - Shows the position of the verb. It is used before or after the verb.
6. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
7. Whole adverbial
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
8. Whole adverbial
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
9. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
10. Whole adverbial
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.

Adjectives

1. CC (the whole clause)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
2. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
3. Whole adverbial
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
4. Whole adverbial
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
5. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
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 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
10. Whole adverbial
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.

Adjectives

1. Subject complement
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
2. Subject complement
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
3. Subject complement
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
4. Subject complement
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
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8. Subject complement
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
9. Subject complement
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
10. Subject complement
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.

Adverbs

1. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
2. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
3. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
4. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
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10. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.

Adverbs

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 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
2. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
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9. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
10. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.

Adverbs

1. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
2. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
3. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
4. CC (preposition)
 - Shows what the verb is doing. Ex: He ran quickly.
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