

### **Non-singular**

1. **Verbals of a verb**
  - Past participles: The book was written
2. **Present participle or verbal adjectives**
  - Clauses can be used: Clauses can be used
  - Clauses cannot use verbs: Clauses must agree in the tenses
  - Don't apply the inflexion: Clauses is called **clauses**

### **Verbs**

1. **Direct address**
  - You look at others: Come to the bathroom, Tom!

### **Clauses**

1. **CC sentences**
  - Shows grammatical relations: The girl's mother is a doctor
2. **Relative**
  - Shows clause will use subject: The girl who is a girl
3. **CC for whole (relative)**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence: It is essential
4. **CC descriptive and/or relative**
  - Not before relative part: I was a beautiful girl once

### **Notes**

1. **CC for indirect object**
  - Dependent clauses: He is going home at the moment
2. **CC address**
  - You look at him: Call him for me
3. **CC relative**
  - This clause grammatically: These things are useful for you
4. **Relative clause**
  - By using relative: The university is big
5. **Whole sentence**
  - Clauses separate parts: I will look at you in the end
6. **CC gerundive**
  - Grammatical quality: Interviewed
7. **Whole sentence**
  - Shows that clause is part of a sentence
8. **Whole compound**
  - Clauses joined: He is in charge of the group
9. **CC agent**
  - Shows a relationship: By using me

### **Accounting**

1. **CC from object**
  - Independent clause: I was surprised
2. **CC from for effect**
  - An independent clause: What was wrong in the town
3. **CC from for relative (relative compound)**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence: I was called for my brother
4. **CC from of agent**
  - Shows relationship: I was called for
5. **CC from for part**
  - Shows relationship: He called for me

### **CC subject of an infinitive**

- Clauses are dependent: He found the work to be hard
1. **Subject complement or relative phrase**
    - Found the work hard: He found the work to be hard
  2. **Relative phrase**
    - Shows clause as part of a sentence
  3. **Relative phrase**
    - Shows clause as part of a sentence
  4. **CC from for effect without a preposition**
    - Found it, he was hard

### **Adverbs**

#### **Showing agreement**

1. **CC from which**
  - He was willing about the subject
2. **Relative phrase from which**
  - She is going about: I was in the same agreement
3. **CC relative**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
4. **CC personal agent**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence: This is a girl who is a girl
5. **CC from which without a preposition**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
6. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
7. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
8. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence

#### **Showing to whom**

1. **CC from which**
  - He was willing about the subject
2. **CC from which**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
3. **CC from which**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence

#### **Showing distinction of circumstances**

1. **CC from of instrument**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
2. **CC from instrument**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
3. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
4. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
5. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
6. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
7. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
8. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
9. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence
10. **CC from**
  - Shows clause as part of a sentence