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CHILDREN'S ROLE IDENTIFICATION IN THE DYSFUNCTIONAL FAMILY

ROLE & PURPOSE

CHARACTERISTICS

WHAT TO DO - Help child lessen need to be perfect

Develop the courage to be imperfect Help the child decrease the need to

be responsible for everyone and

everything; learn to concentrate

on responsibility for self Help the child learn to value self

instead of accomplishments Stress the value & enjoyment of

cooperation and sharing
HELP THE CHILD LEARN TO

HERO

Provides a change of focus for the family; Brings self-esteem into it. Usually is the oldest child.

- Gets good grades; perfectionist
- Over-involved in activities
- Good relationships with authority figures
- Pleasing
- Volunteers often
- Very successful; High achiever
 Feels(s) he saulways missing the mark; not good enough
 Follows intellectual pursuits to achieve
- recognition
 Intellectualizes; disregards feelings
- Extreme feelings of shame
- Troublemaker; disruptive
- Academically borderline Dishonest; argumentative; blames others
- Attention seeking; negative leader
 Unwilling to take responsibility
- Poor relationships with authority figures
- Feels hurt, guilty
- Disengage the child from the power
 - struggle; be calm Avoid expressing shock or disgust
 - Let the child experience consequences of behavior

ACCEPT FAILURE!

- Give opportunities for the child to
- use power appropriately
 BE FAIR BUT FIRM!

MASCOT

child.

SCAPEGOAT

Provides a change of focus by being thought of as the source of the

family's problems.
Usually the second

Takes the focus off family by using humor. Usually one of the younger children.

- Has lots of friends; spends little time at home
- Goes "with the flow"; short attention span Exaggerated, often inappropriate emotional
- response; avoids angry confrontations
 Disowns responsibility; attracts attention
- Gets into trouble, but not the malicious kind

Provides relief for family; one child not to worry about; often the middle child.

LOST CHILD

- Pleasant when spoken to; passiveQuiet, easily overlooked
- No opinions or expression of emotions
 Causes no attention to self
- Avoids close relationships; loner
 Withdraws into own world; distant
- Uncomfortable with any kind of attention
 Does nothing to draw attention to self

- Help child humor appropriately
- Help child learn to take care of selfHelp child manage need for attention
- Be consistent & firm; do not coax, remind, reward; use natural and logical consequences
 DO NOT REINFORCE HUMOR

BY LAUGHING AT HIM/HER!

- Help the child use creativity and imagination
- Respond with nonpublic encouragement or praise
- Avoid pampering Don't criticize
- Encourage anything positive Provide success experiences DON'T GIVE UP!

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OVER FOR FAMILY ROLES



Resource from NCADA's RADAR library. For more information visit our website at www.ncada-stl.org. For questions on substance use, abuse and related problems, call NCADA's Help Line at (314) 962-3456.