

KEY

TOTAL = 53

Chemistry 12
Worksheet 2-1 - Equilibrium, Enthalpy
and Entropy

- (1) 1. What do people mean when they say that a reaction is reversible? it can go forward (left to right) or in reverse (right to left)
- (4) 2. Give four things which are true about a system at equilibrium:
 1. rate of forward rx = rate of reverse reaction
 2. microscopic processes continue in a balance which yield no macroscopic change
 3. system is closed - temp is constant and uniform
 4. equil'm can be approached from the left or the right
- (1) 3. What is meant by macroscopic properties? Properties which are observable eg) colour, pressure, density, temp etc.
- (1) 4. Give some examples of macroscopic properties: colour, pressure, density, temp etc.
- (1) 5. What happens to macroscopic properties at equilibrium? nothing. They remain constant at equilibrium
- (1) 6. How do the rates of the forward and reverse reaction compare at equilibrium? they are equal
- (1) 7. Do the forward and reverse reactions stop at equilibrium? No. They continue
- (1) 8. What can be said about the concentrations of all reactants and products at equilibrium? They remain constant
- (1) 9. Why is chemical equilibrium called dynamic equilibrium? "dynamic" means "changing" or "moving". Reactants are changing to products. Products are changing to reactants. Movement continues on the microscopic level.

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