

Complete Subjects and Predicates

Every subject has **two** main parts:
a **complete subject** and a **complete predicate**

The **complete subject** includes all the words that tell who or what the sentence is about. It is typically the beginning of the sentence.
Example: *The authors* were *observers* for many years.

The **complete predicate** includes all the words that give the action or condition of the subject.
Example: *They* *were observers* for many years.

Draw a line between the complete subject and the complete predicate in each sentence below.

1. A doctor never looked the patient in the eye.

2. The deepest place in the ocean is the Marianas Trench in the Pacific.

3. The oceans are the life-bloods of the planet.

4. Many of the people would instead of swimming over the bar.

5. The new submarine business got hard to run.

6. The first transatlantic telegraph message was the first telegraph and the first telegraph line.

7. The greatest difficulties now, besides the "postage stamp problem".

8. The origin of the word planet is very obscure.

9. The submarine today was a product of many years of experiment and trial.

10. The Atlantic City of the past was Ocean City.

11. The laws of aerostatics are simple in their principles.