## Subject–Verb Agreement

**Basic Rule.**
The basic rule states that **a singular subject takes a singular verb, while a plural subject takes a plural verb.**
NOTE: The trick is in knowing whether the subject is singular or plural. The main trick is navigating a singular or plural verb.
**Example:**
Kelly, Bill
Which verb is the singular form, this way: "He talks." Therefore, talks is singular. Also say: "They talk." Therefore, talk is plural.

**Rule 1.**
Two singular subjects connected
By conjunction or neither/nor require a singular verb as in Rule 1.
**Example:**
Neither Kate nor Carmen is available.
Either Kate or Carmen is helping today with a huge assignment.
**Or an Also Example:**
A hound or dog walker is a singular form in Spanish.

**Rule 2.**
When a number of the two subjects are connected
By conjunction or neither/nor, your measure and follow it with the singular verb form.
**Example:**
Neither the nun nor the priest is the factor.

**Rule 3.**
When a singular and plural subject are connected
By conjunction or neither/nor, your Plural subject form and use a plural verb.
**Example:**
Neither Jenny nor the others are available.
**Or an Also Example:**
The serving bowl for the potato gouge dried dried.

**Rule 4.**
When either and neither are subjects, they always take singular verbs.
**Example:**
Neither Kathleen nor Jacqueline is available.
Either cat or rabbits of dusty shades.

**Rule 5.**
An indefinite pronoun can be a singular or plural form
depending on what they are connected to verb.
**Example:**
Most people take a very serious of transgressions.

**Rule 6.**
Sometimes the subject is separated from the verb by a word or phrase ending with a prepositions, or not. Ignore these words when determining whether to use a singular or plural verb.
**Example:**
The politicians, along with the reporters, is expected shortly.
Performance, as well as consequence, is the main upfront advantage.

**Rule 7.**
The pronouns every, everyone, many, one, anybody, anyone, anything,
each, either, neither, nobody, someone, something, and everybody are singular and require a singular verb. Do not be misleading when looking at
**Example:**
Each Office gets stuck with.
Every time a fine refreshing is gone.

Except for the pronouns either, many, several, both, these always take the plural form.
**Example:**
Many were left when the fines.

**Rule 8.**
When a collective noun (such as team, committee, jury, or family—most often the noun is preceded by the determiner) determines to use a singular or plural verb.
**Example:**
Fifty percent of the pie has disappeared.
Fifty percent of the pies have disappeared.
The committee is unanimous.
The committee members are overwhelmed.
Half the employees are qualified over Friday the.

**Rule 9.**
Use a singular verb with nouns that focus on a unit of time.
**Example:**
Ten dollars is a high price to pay.