Name ______ Per.

Identify each definition with key terms from this unit.

★ amino acid	★ e-site	★ protein	★ rRNA	★ frameshift mutation
★ anticodon	★ exon	★ p-site	★ splicing	★ polypeptide chain
★ a-site	★ intron	★ purines	★ thymine	★ reverse transcription*
★ codon	★ mG cap	★ pyrimidines	★ tRNA	★ RNA polymerase
★ complementary	★ mRNA	★ ribose	★ transcription	★ RNA processing
★ deoxyribose	★ point mutation	★ ribosome	★ translation	★ tRNA charging
★ DNA	★ polyA tail	★ RNA	★ uracil	

Term	Definition	
1.	describes how the nucleotide bases are paired together	
2.	include the nucleotide bases adenine and guanine	
3.	when a base is substituted for another during paring, which can change the function of the protein or completing stop it from being made	
4.	location on ribosome in which the tRNA leaves	
5.	molecule that holds instructions for building a protein	
6.	a single strand of linked amino acids	
7.	the non-coding parts of the mRNA	
8.	organelle responsible for protein assembly	
9.	structure that picks up a specific amino acid & delivers it to the growing polypeptide chain	
10.	the monomer of a protein	
11.	the process of picking up a specific amino acid by its carrier	
12.	added to the mRNA for protection	
13.	sugar in a DNA nucleotide	
14.	location on ribosome in which the peptide bond is added between the amino acids	
15.	genetic material that is transferred from parent to offspring	
16.	nucleotide that is only found in DNA	
17.	process of removing the non-coding parts of the mRNA	
18.	joins with proteins to form the ribosomal complex	
19.	triplet of nucleotides that checks to ensure the correct addition of the amino acid	
20.	structure that joins RNA nucleotides according to DNA base sequence	
21.	location on the ribosome where the amino acid arrives	
22.	the process of forming the mRNA	
23.	added to the mRNA so it can find the ribosome	
24.	the process of preparing the mRNA before it leaves the nucleus	
25.	the coding sections of the mRNA	
26.	insertion/deletion of one or more bases that results in triplet code regrouping	
27.	a single strand of coding that directly dictates the amino acid sequence	
28.	nucleotide that is only found in RNA	
29.	triplet of nucleotides that determines the amino acid	
30.	macromolecule that forms an organism's traits	