

Worksheet of directional terms used in anatomy and medicine.

1. The tibia is _____ to the fibula.
2. The radius is _____ to the ulna.
3. The atlas is _____ to the axis.
4. L1 is _____ to L2.
5. The lungs are _____ to the heart.
6. The heart is _____ to the lungs.
7. The third digit is _____ to digit 2 and 4.
8. The carpals are _____ to the bones of the antebrachium.
9. The thyroid cartilage is _____ to the cricoid cartilage.
10. The hepatic flexure of the large intestines is _____ to the splenic flexure.
11. The kidneys are _____ to the aorta.
12. The trachea is _____ to the esophagus.
13. The elbow is _____ to the shoulder.
14. The elbow is _____ to the wrist.
15. The metatarsals are _____ to the tarsals.
16. The prostate gland is _____ to the urinary bladder.
17. The epidermis is _____ to the dermis.
18. The adrenal glands are _____ to the kidneys.
19. The palatine process of the maxilla is _____ to the nasal cavity.
20. The gall bladder and liver are _____.
21. The liver and the spleen are _____.
22. The cecum and the appendix are _____.
23. The cecum is _____ to the sigmoid colon.
24. The duodenum is _____ to the jejunum.
25. The stomach is _____ to the esophagus.
26. The nasal cavity is _____ to the nasopharynx (two possibilities).
27. The axillary artery is _____ to the brachial artery.
28. The mandible is _____ to the maxilla.
29. The femur is _____ to the tibia.
30. The esophagus is _____ to the heart.