

MULTIPLIES

Two numbers are **MULTIPLIES** if a whole number is multiplying that number the another whole number.

The numbers that give "clean tables" are multiples.

Ex. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 15, 20 are all **MULTIPLIES** of 5.

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24 are all **MULTIPLIES** of 3.

1. Write down the first six multiples of 5.
2. "What do you notice?" Look especially at the units digits.
3. Which of these numbers are multiples of 10?

5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35

4. Write down the first six multiples of 10.
5. "What do you notice?" Look especially at the units digits.
6. Which of these numbers are multiples of 20?

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

7. Write down the first six multiples of 2.
8. "What do you notice. Again look especially at the units digits.
9. Write down which of these numbers are multiples of 3.

2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22

10. Which of these numbers are multiples of both 2 and 3?

6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48