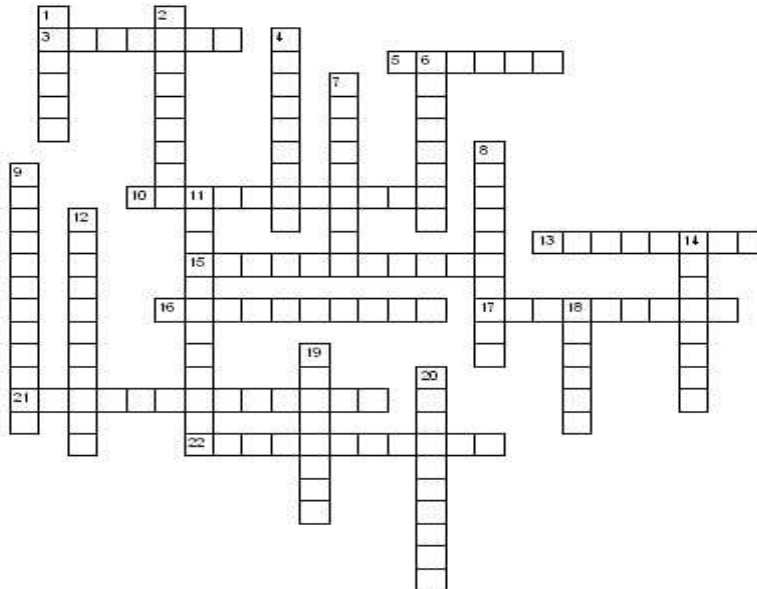


## Memory



### Across

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>3. type of imagery that occurs when a person has a perfect visual memory for a period of time</p> <p>5. direct retrieval of facts or information with no hints or help</p> <p>10. type of memory for a multiple choice exam</p> <p>13. finding it easier to ride a motorcycle because you know how to ride a bike shows _____ transfer of training</p> | <p>15. a conscious attempt to put something out of our mind or to keep it from awareness</p> <p>16. type of memory for skills</p> <p>17. images that seem frozen in time of personal tragedy, accident or other emotionally significant events</p> <p>21. refers to the forming of a long-term memory</p> <p>22. type of rehearsal which assists long term memory</p> |
|---|---|

### Down

1. active system for receiving, encoding, organizing, altering and retrieving information
2. memory \_\_\_\_\_ refers to the pattern of associations among items of information
4. state-\_\_\_\_\_ learning tells us that a body state exists during learning and can be a strong cue for later retrieval
6. converting information into a form in which it will be retained in memory
7. type of attention that helps control what information moves on to short term memory
8. use of elaborative rehearsal helps long term memories by making information \_\_\_\_\_
9. short term memory is susceptible to \_\_\_\_\_
11. updating memories is called \_\_\_\_\_ processing
12. type of rehearsal which will prolong a short term memory
14. memory that lies outside of awareness
18. \_\_\_\_\_-position effect tells us it is much easier to remember the first of a list and the last while forgetting the middle
19. type of memory for recording of autobiographical and personal experience information
20. the \_\_\_\_\_ curve of forgetting shows how much information is retained as time passes