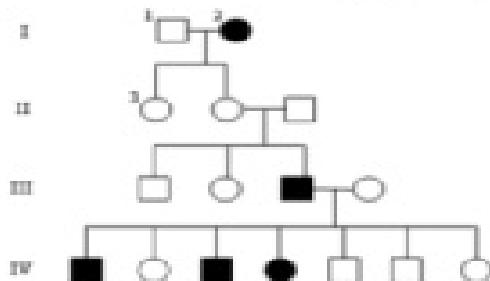


Pedigree Worksheet

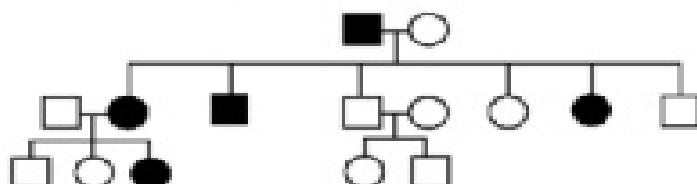
Name _____
Period _____ Date _____

Interpreting a Human Pedigree
Use the pedigree below to answer 1-5



1. In a pedigree, a square represents a male. If it is shaded he has hemophilia; if clear, he had normal blood clotting.
 - a. How many males are there? _____
 - b. How many males have hemophilia? _____
2. A circle represents a female. If it is shaded she has hemophilia; if open she is normal.
 - a. How many females are there? _____
 - b. How many females have hemophilia? _____
3. A marriage is indicated by a horizontal line connecting a circle to a square.
 - a. How many marriages are there? _____
4. A line perpendicular to a marriage line indicates the offspring. If the line ends with either a circle or a square, the couple had only one child. However, if the line is connected to another horizontal line, then several children were produced, each indicated by a short vertical line connected to the horizontal line. The first child born appears to the left and the last born to the right.
 - a. How many children did the first couple (couple in row 3) have? _____
 - b. How many children did the third couple (couple in row 4) have? _____
5. Level I represents the first generation, level II represents the second generation.
 - a. How many generations are there? _____
 - b. How many members are there in the fourth generation? _____

Use the pedigree below to answer 6-12
Shaded individuals have Huntington's Disease



6. Write the generation on the pedigree numbers (roman numerals).
7. Which members of the family above are afflicted with Huntington's Disease? _____
8. There are no carriers for Huntington's Disease- you either have it or you don't.
With this in mind, is Huntington's disease caused by a dominant or recessive trait? _____
9. How many children did individuals I-1 and I-2 have?
10. How many girls did II-1 and II-2 have? _____ How many have Huntington's Disease? _____
11. How is individual III-2 and III-4 related? _____ I-2 and III-5? _____
12. Write the genotypes of each individual on the pedigree.