Answer the following questions on a separate piece of paper. Write in full sentences so you may use this as a study guide later.

Origami DNA Helix: DNA Structure



- 1. What do the letters in DNA stand for?
- 2. Two scientists are given credit for discovering the structure of DNA. What are the names of those two scientists? (a. & b.)
- 3. DNA is a polymer, which means that it is made up of many repeating single units (monomers). What are the monomers called?
- 4. The "backbone" of a DNA molecule is made up of two components. What are they? (a. & b.)
- 5. There are four different variations of these monomers (four different bases). What are the names of those bases? (a. b. c. & d.)

inose suses. (u.	o. c. & d.)			
	re of two different types o			
their structure.				
7. The two base	s that are purines are		_ and	
8. The two base	es that are pyrimidines are	;	and	·
9. Chargoff's ru	ale states that the DNA of	any species contains	equal amounts of	
and	and also ϵ	equal amounts of	and	d
10. Based on th	is information, scientists of	could predict that the	base	pairs with
	and the base	pairs with _		in the formation
	cule. This is called compl			
complimentary	to the other strand (opposi	ite or matching).		
11. The bases a	re paired by	bonds along th	e axis of the molec	cule.
12. Wilkins and	l Franklin studied the struc	cture of DNA using _		, a technique
use to examine	molecules, and helped Wa	tson and Crick deteri	mine that the shape	ed of a DNA molecule
12 D .1 1				

- 13. Draw the basic structure of a nucleotide with its three parts.
- 14. Write the complimentary sequence of the following DNA strand:

A A T T C G C C G G T A T T A G A C G T